

## Significant events in **rotavirus** vaccination practice in Australia

Year	Month	Intervention
2006	March	Monovalent rotavirus vaccine and pentavalent rotavirus vaccines registered for use in infants, with an upper age limit for dose 1 of 14 weeks and for dose 2 of 24 weeks
	March	Pentavalent rotavirus vaccine registered for use in infants, with an upper age limit for dose 1 of 12 weeks, for dose 2 of 32 weeks (preferably given by 28 weeks) and for dose 3 of 32 weeks
	October	Vaccination recommended and funded for infants in the NT using monovalent rotavirus vaccine in a 2-dose schedule (2 and 4 months)
	November	Vaccination recommended for all Australian infants, using either monovalent rotavirus vaccine (2 doses) or pentavalent rotavirus vaccine (3 doses)
2007	July	Funded national immunisation commenced, using a 2-dose schedule of monovalent rotavirus vaccine (2 and 4 months; ACT, NSW, NT, Tas, WA) or a 3-dose schedule of pentavalent rotavirus vaccine (2, 4 and 6 months; Qld, SA, Vic)
2009	May	WA changed from using a 2-dose schedule of monovalent rotavirus vaccine to using a 3-dose schedule using pentavalent rotavirus vaccine
2013	March	Advice provided that 1st dose of rotavirus vaccine could be given as early as 6 weeks of age
2017	July	Qld, SA, Vic and WA changed from using a 3-dose schedule using pentavalent rotavirus vaccine to using a 2-dose schedule of monovalent rotavirus vaccine